

## Resurvey of Subdivisional Lines of T 4 N R 38 E., W.M.

Chains		Feet
	Ascend over low spur.	
62.00	Top of spur, extending N. 75 ft. above branch. Thence descend into creek	
76.85	A creek, 15 lks. wide, course N. 10° W. This creek is 800 ft. below the top of the ridge. Thence ascend over stony S. hillside.	
80.00	Intersect the old Cor. for Secs. 15, 16, 21 & 22, which is almost destroyed. I re-establish it as the same point as follows:  Set a basalt stone, 15 x 10 x 8 ins., 10 ins. in the ground for Cor. of Secs. 15, 16, 21 & 22, marked with 3 notches on the E. and S. edges; and raise a mound of stone, 2 ft. base, 1 ft. and a half high, W. of Cor.  Therefore the E. half of this line is 40 Chs. in length and brs. E.  Land; rolling and mountainous. Soil; first and second rates Timber; fir, pine, spruce Undergrowth; willow, maple and wildberry. Mountainous or heavily timbered land or land covered with dense undergrowth and exceptionally difficult to survey. 80.00 Chs.	
	July 18, 1905: At 4 h. p.m., l.m.t., I set off 21° 2.5' N. on the decl. arc; 45° 49' N. on the lat. arc; and determine a meridian with the solar at the cor. of Secs. 15, 16, 21 & 22.  E. on the resurvey bet. Secs. 15 & 22, over steep, rocky ascent, through scattering timber and dense undergrowth.	
27.00	Top of spur, 250 ft. above Sec. Cor., extending N. Descend	
40.00	Intersect the old $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. Cor., which is a basalt stone, 12 x 10 x 8 ins., marked as described by the surveyor general. The pits and mound described by the surveyor general are destroyed. I re-establish the Cor. at the same point, as follows:	